Raspberry Pi GPS/RTC Expansion Board Datasheet

Description

This document relates to boards with V6.1 on the PCB.

The Uputronics Raspberry Pi GPS/RTC Expansion Board provides a modern multi GNSS GPS receiver and hardware RTC with quick no soldering required connection to all Raspberry Pi boards with the 2x20 header (the original Pi Model A/B are not supported). Featuring PPS (Pulse per second) output to permit the use of the board for PPS disciplined NTP servers, RAW output available from the UBlux™ GPS module and twin super caps for GPS hot start/setting retention & maintaining RTC. Flash is also fitted to permit retention of settings.

A USB Mini-B header is fitted to allow the board to work standalone with other devices such as Windows PC’s. This board retains backwards compatibility with previous generation Uputronics Pi GPS boards.

Raspberry Pi Header Pin Configurations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Raspberry Pi Name</th>
<th>Board Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>3.3V DC Power</td>
<td>3.3V DC Power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02/04</td>
<td>5V DC Power</td>
<td>5V DC Power used for super caps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>GPIO02(SDA1,I2C)</td>
<td>GPS/RTC SDA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>GPIO03(SCL1,I2C)</td>
<td>GPS/RTC SCL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>08</td>
<td>GPIO14(TXD0)</td>
<td>GPS SERIAL RXD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>GPIO15(RXD0)</td>
<td>GPS SERIAL TXD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>GPIO18</td>
<td>TIME PULSE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Board Physical Specifications

- Weight: 15g excluding fixings and antenna.
- Batteries: 2 x 0.2F 3.3V Super Capacitors
- Connector Pitch: 2.54mm pitch Raspberry Pi 2x20 Header.
- Power Usage (from 3.3V): Acquire 25mA / Tracking 21mA / Cyclic PSM Mode 9mA
- GPS Antenna Connector: SMA Female (3V supplied)
- USB Connector: Mini B
- Operating Temperature: -40°C to +85°C

Thermal vents for compatibility with PoE HAT.

GPS Specifications

The GPS has the following specifications:

- 72-channel u-blox™ M8 engine
- Up to 3 concurrent GNSS (BeiDou,Galileo,GLONASS, GPS/QZSS)
- Default GNSS: GPS/GLONASS.
- -167dBm Navigation Sensitivity
- 10Hz navigation rate in multi GNSS mode, 18Hz in GPS only
- RAW Output available via UBX-RXM-RAWX Message
- 3V supplied to antenna port to power active antenna
- Antenna requirements: Active 3V Ceramic Patch
- Flash to save settings/config and battery backed RAM.
- Default baud rate: 115200bps
- I²C Bus (Address 0x42)

For full documentation please consult the u-blox 8/u-blox M8 receiver description including protocol specification document (UBX-13003221) linked here:


RTC Specifications

The RTC has the following specifications:

- Micro Crystal RV-3028-C7 Real Time Clock Module
- Factory calibrated ±1 ppm @ 25°C
- I²C Bus (Address 0x52)
- Built in kernel compatibility
- Provides year, month, date, weekday, hours, minutes and seconds
In The Box

1 x Raspberry Pi GPS/RTC Expansion Board
4 x 11mm standoffs w/8 M2.5 Screws
1 x Header with 4.93mm tails

Disclaimer

All Uputronics products are sold as test equipment with no guarantees of performance or operation, they are intended for engineering, research or lab use only not for use in production or commercial systems.

This is not to say there is any quality issue with our boards, people are using these in such varying and dynamic environments its not possible for us to test every possible scenario. Therefore we advise you do your own testing to ensure operation in your environment.

Installation

Attach the header to the Raspberry Pi 2x20 header. Attach the four supplied standoffs to the Raspberry Pi using the M2.5mm screws. Clip the GPS/RTC Expansion Board on top of the header, the header pins push through the bottom with a click. The supercaps should face upwards when correctly installed. Secure the board using the remaining four screws.
RTC Operation

This guide assumes you are using Raspbian.

sudo raspi-config

Select Interfacing Options and Enable I2C

sudo apt-get install python-smbus i2c-tools
sudo i2cdetect -y 1

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 a b c d e f
00: -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
10: -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
20: -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
30: -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
40: -- -- 42 -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
50: -- -- 52 -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
60: -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --
70: -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- -- --

Here you can see the RTC (0x52) and GPS (0x42) on the I2C bus.

sudo vi /boot/config.txt

Add a line with:

dtoverlay=i2c-rtc,rv3028

sudo reboot

On reboot rerun the i2cdetect line and you should see 52 has been replaced with UU to indicate the kernel driver is loaded.

sudo apt-get -y remove fake-hwclock
sudo update-rc.d -f fake-hwclock remove
sudo systemctl disable fake-hwclock
sudo vi /lib/udev/hwclock-set

Comment out:

#if [ -e /run/systemd/system ] ; then
# exit 0
#fi
#    /sbin/hwclock --rtc=$dev --systz --bdayear

To read time:
sudo hwclock -v -r

To write time:
sudo hwclock -w
**Note On RTC**

If you are losing time over reboot or seeing:

```
kernel: [ 156.227408] rtc-rv3028 1-0052: Voltage low, data is invalid.
```

This relates to an issue with the current kernel + the RV3028 module needing certain registers to be set correctly. The following script fixes this:

http://store.uputronics.com/files/configure-rv3028.sh

For more information see:

- [https://www.satsignal.eu/raspberry-pi/Uputronics-RTC.html](https://www.satsignal.eu/raspberry-pi/Uputronics-RTC.html)
- [http://www.philrandal.co.uk/blog/archives/2019/04/entry_213.html](http://www.philrandal.co.uk/blog/archives/2019/04/entry_213.html)
GPS/PPS Operation

To verify operation of PPS:

```
sudo apt-get install pps-tools
sudo nano /boot/config.txt
```

add the following line:
```
dtoverlay=pps-gpio
```

```
sudo nano /etc/modules
```
add the following line:
```
pps-gpio
```

sudo reboot
sudo ppstest /dev/pps0

To verify the operation of the GPS via serial

```
sudo apt-get install minicom
minicom -b 115200 -o -D /dev/ttyS0
```

It is beyond the scope of this datasheet to explain how to use this board as a GPS disciplined NTP server.

**Note On PPS**

Since V3.00 of the Ublox firmware the time pulse is not released until all time parameters are known including leap seconds. There it could be up to 12.5 minutes before time pulse is available however positional lock is achieved from cold in the expected sub 30 seconds.
**USB Operation / uCenter**

Connect a USB Mini-B cable (not supplied) to the board and then the other end to a PC or device that supports USB to Serial. If you are using Windows you can download and install uBlox u-Center to configure the device. Note the USB port “autobauds” so there is no need to set a baud rate. The board is powered from the USB bus so does not need to be connected to a Raspberry Pi in this configuration.

Under Windows you can ascertain the COM port the device is on by opening the Device Manager. Press Windows Key + R and type devmgmt.msc. Expand Ports (COM & LPT) and you should see the following:

```
> Network adapters
> Ports (COM & LPT)
  > u-blox GNSS Receiver (COM4)
> Print queues
```

In this example the board is on COM4 this will change for your machine. In u-Center click the connection icon:

![uCenter Connection Icon](image)

Its outside the scope of this document to describe the use of this software and its myriad of options but for information to save configuration to flash click View > Messages.

Expand UBX – CFG – CFG
Check Save current configuration ensuring 0 – BBR and 1 – FLASH are selected.
Press Send.